

編碼獨語 GAN CHIN LEE SOLILOQUY

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編碼簿 铥 GAN CH/N LEE S O L / L O Q U Y

Silent Conversations

By Eva McGovern

For decades now, the Malaysian socio-political condition has been a rich source of artistic inspiration. Fuelled by the paradox of multiculturalism artists continue to celebrate and criticise what is undoubtedly the country's biggest strength and weakness. Although Malaysia is promoted as 'truly Asia', filled with diverse cultures and peoples, the inability of government to transcend destructive racially divisive political policies results in a never-ending state of tense oscillation between progress and regression. Malaysian artist Gan Chin Lee continues to be inspired by these issues through a classically inspired type of portraiture and genre painting that adds to an ongoing artistic conversation about Malaysian identity. For Soliloguy, his first solo at Valentine Willie Fine Art, Kuala Lumpur, Gan employs a common device from theatre and literature to collect his thoughts. A soliloquy is a lengthy speech or monologue by a main character to discuss their feelings, dilemmas, and motives for their actions. Shakespeare is filled with many of these famous speeches such as Hamlet's 'To be or not to be'. However, rather than a verbal or textual proclamation, Gan instead presents a visual sequence of angst, longing, and frustration on the Malaysian condition. Negotiated by the artist's own personal experiences as a Chinese Malaysian, his portraits and genre paintings reveal the feelings of the rakyat through the uniquely local setting of the mamak stall as well as other scenes from Malaysian daily life. These highly emotional portraits of the artist himself, the people he has observed as well as his friends and family present a subtle combination of anxiety and optimism on the future of the country.

Mob, Kedai Kopi Sungai Jarom and Silent Majority are developments from his previous exhibition Fragment Defragmentation that once again looks at Malaysians in the mamak stall. A fond destination in our cultural landscape, the mamak is a site to discuss, lament and laugh at the state of the country. Through its inconspicuous familiarity it has become a 24 hour comfort zone for Malaysians to enjoy food as well as debate their frustrations amongst the safety of friends. Gan keenly observes these sentiments through numerous moments of sketching, discussion and interaction of unknown protagonists as well as the artist's friends, colleagues and students across Kuala Lumpur, Klang and Petaling Jaya. With relatively little social outlets for teenagers, the mamak is one of the few places to go for entertainment. However, rather than choosing moments of lighthearted amusement, Gan presents glimpses of boredom and stagnancy. His figures in Mob seem wistful and confused as they waste time before going home. The nine youths in Silent Majority depict a powerful solitude of young people lost in unknown thoughts of existential angst or simple moments of listless boredom whilst staring into space.

Further emphasizing this sense of isolation Gan punctuates his painterly realism with exaggerated perspectives and multi-paneled images that create an undulating experience that is at times dreamlike and disorientating. He states that the collaging of multiple scenes is a process of fragmentation and recomposition in order to create an

'incomplete painting'. This reflects the limitations of whilst also attempting to liberate the viewer from this by presenting different perspectives in one work. However, he goes one step further in Silent Majority and isolates his figures entirely into single portraits creating a sense of remoteness and seclusion, alluding to their own private monologues. Off-setting his multi-paneled works, these nine portraits create a further feeling of fragmentation as part of the constellation of artworks throughout the exhibition. Such elements reflect moments of segregation and distance between the different races, cultures and religions of the country that unfortunately have the potential to lead to misunderstanding and social division.

Although Soliloquy is a personal lament about fragmented moments of isolation in Malaysia, by purposefully including older works from Gan's practice, he inserts important notes of optimism and brightness. Barber Shop in Little India presents a sensitive portrait of Indian Malaysians in Penang. Proudly staring back at the viewer, with hints of smiling faces, this group of men and children declare their individuality whilst the Chinese characters on the shop front's glass window insert them within the network of multicultural Malaysian. Skillfully rendering their features, he presents a dynamic and active exchange between subject and viewer. Lonely Friend is another classic example of portraiture that can be found throughout the artist's practice. Depicting a young woman sitting in an interior setting, she stares directly at the viewer with the mirrored

cupboard revealing the contents of her room. The textures of her lace blouse and cardigan showcase the artist's strength in realism and the subject's stoic gaze hints at a direct but contemplative nature. This elegant connection and appreciation of the human spirit can also be clearly seen in *Grandma*, a portrait of the artist's grandmother. Peacefully sleeping in her rocking chair the artist lovingly recreates the design and folds of her clothing, and his sensitive use of light and shadow conveys the contented serenity of this important member of his family.

Gan's observations and reflections reach a powerful crescendo in Crying Soul. It is here that the concept of the soliloquy comes to fruition most clearly in the exhibition. As a self-portrait it reveals the unsaid thoughts of sadness, anger and loneliness experienced by the artist through swirling brushstrokes and an expressive use of colour. The creases and contortions of his face echo the misery in his eyes, contrasting against a light turquoise background. It is a painful image filled with sorrow and indicative of his continuing frustrations about the Malaysian condition. Stripped of all idealism, this searing portrait presents a lost soul searching for answers. In a personal statement Gan states:

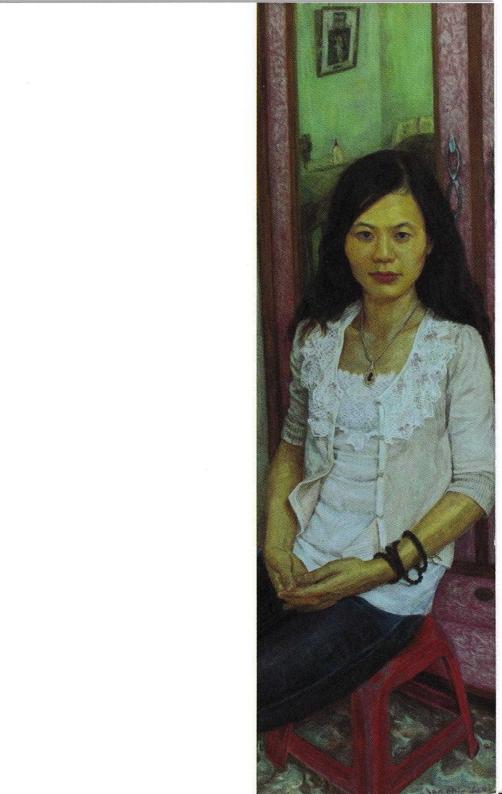
'I went alone to Beijing for my postgraduate course. My life there was a simple three-step formula of eating, thinking and sleeping. Life was lonely but full of thinking; it was taboo to use the same color plate as other students. So it was all a thinking process. In order to draw skin one had to understand the skeleton, as such things must not be judged from phenomenon but from its essence or nature. My loneliness stimulated my thoughts in order to analyze my life from a bigger prospective. Like many others I cherished the opportunity to study overseas, but I thought to myself why is that so many others are allowed to enjoy government sponsorship while some are not? Is it fair or is it rooted in a jealousy created by different communities in one nation?'

Although highly personal and rooted within the rhetoric of Malaysia, Gan Chin Lee's poetic visions are produced through a keen understanding of dramatic artistic influences from Antonio Lopez Garcia and David Hockney through to European Grand Masters such as Velasquez, Caravaggio, Fra Angelico and Fra Filippo Lippi. Such an informed approach allows Gan the vocabulary to play with motifs from art history and popular café culture scenes whilst developing his own unique approach to technique and subject matter. His commitment to draftsmanship and understanding of perspective and proportion has produced a confident approach to form and composition. However, it is the human element of his work that resonates most clearly with audiences. His portraits or visual conversations about Malaysians create a personal monologue on the status of the country that is filled with dilemma, but, despite these frustrations there still remains faint glimmers of hope as the politics of race and identity continue to unfold across Malaysia.



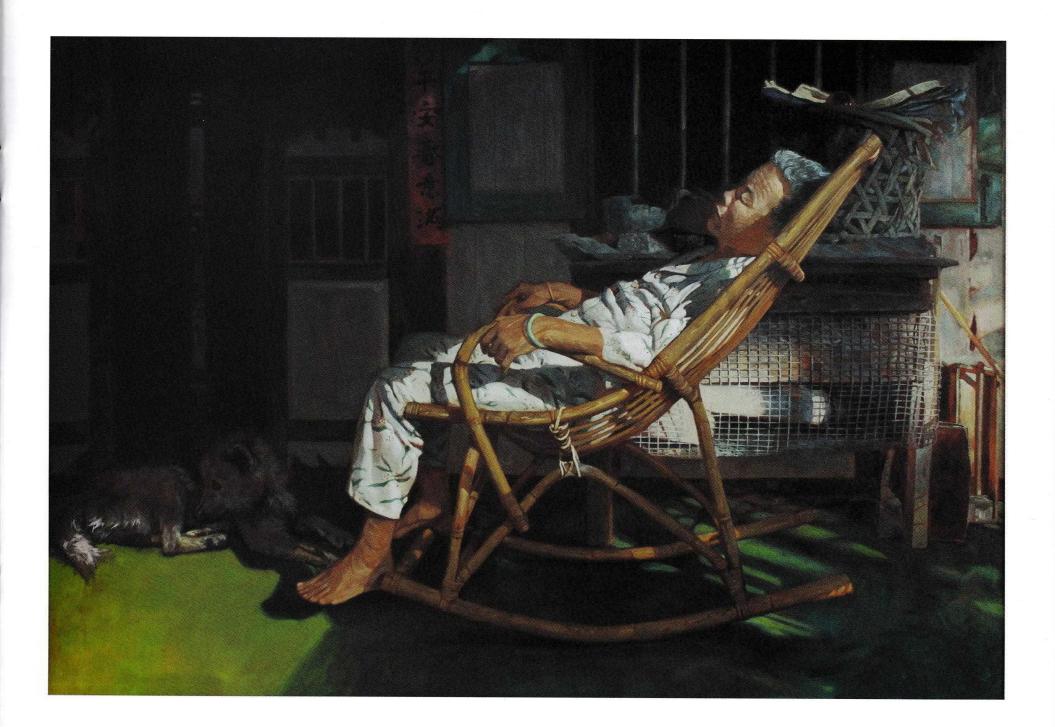
孤獨的朋友 A Lonely Friend

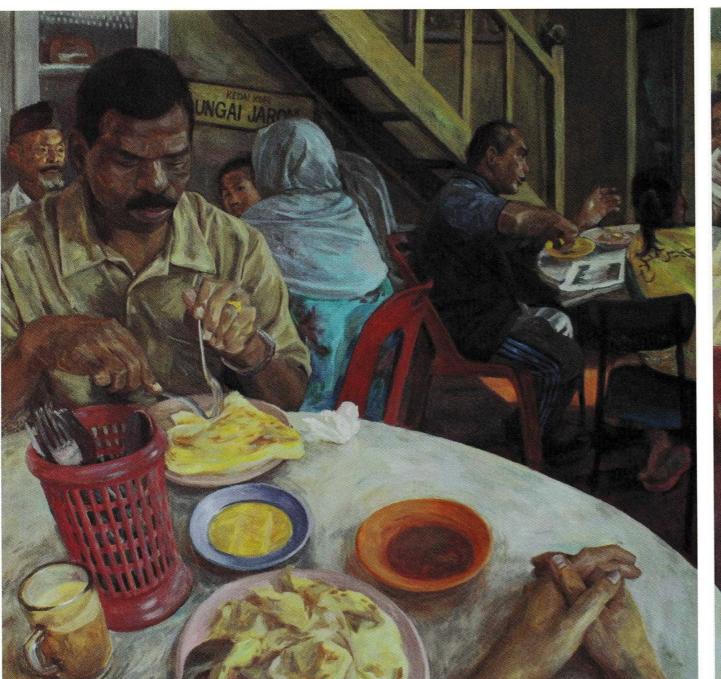
> 2011 oil on linen 152.5 x 45.5 cm



阿嬷 Grandma

2003 oil on canvas 83 x 121 cm



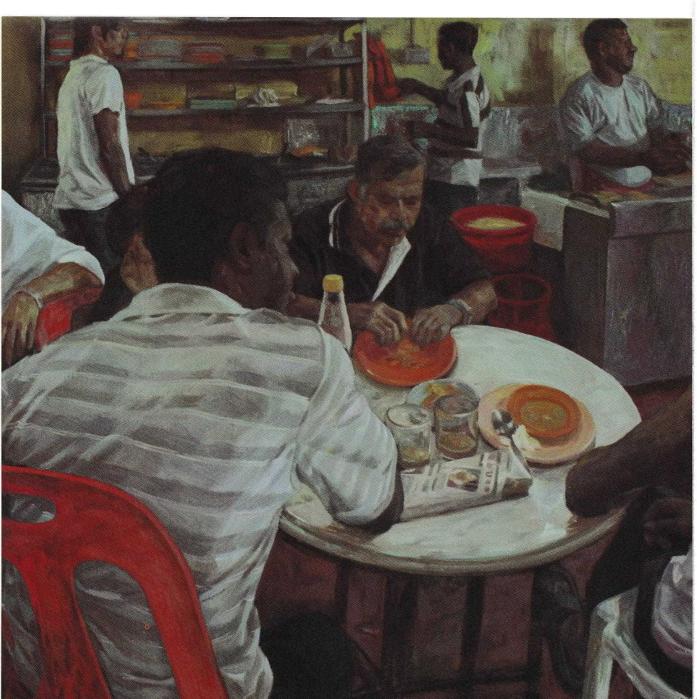


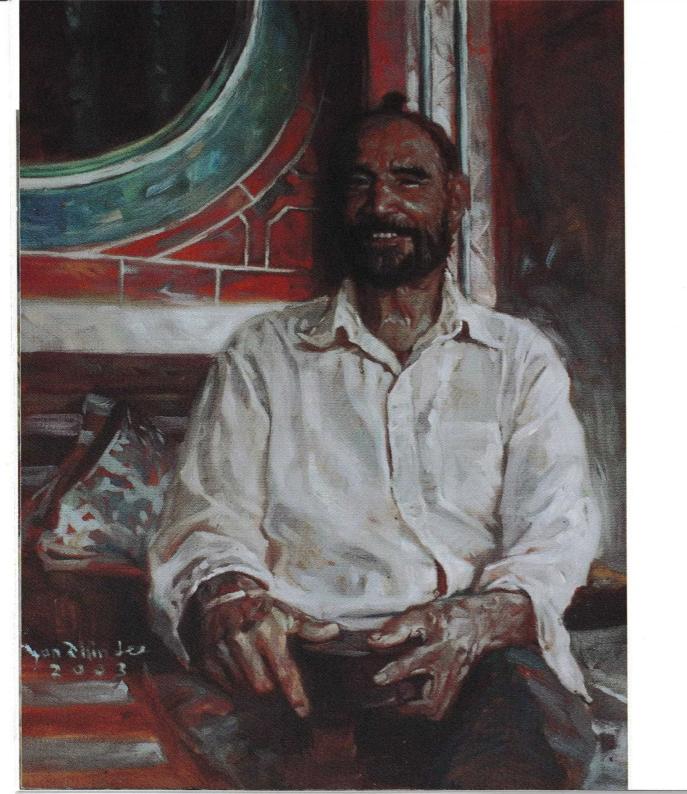


雙溪嘉隆咖啡店 Kedai Kopi Sungai Jarom 2011

oil on linen 122 x 122 cm each (triptych) National Visual Arts Gallery Collection



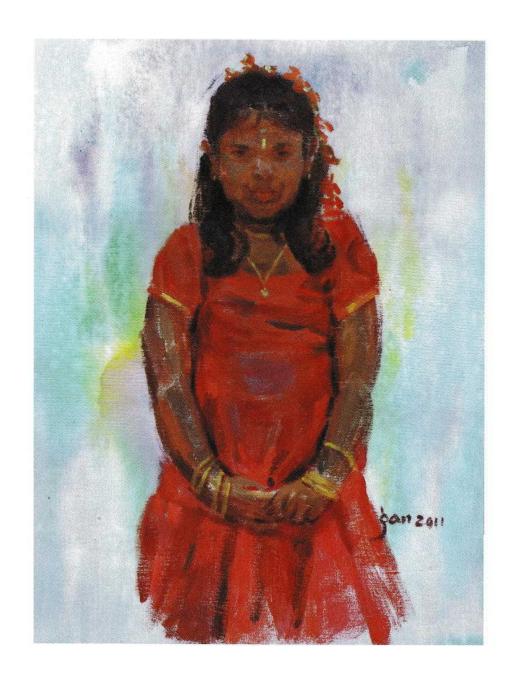




錫克兄

A Sikh Man

2003 oil on canvas 51 x 38.2 cm



印度妹

A Little Indian Girl

2011 acrylic on canvas 45.8 x 35.5 cm 牌, 我到要念那時後的單句性思維了了, 那我只抽信新聞和 報紙所說的書店,

管作後的意思,大抵弑是国家的管理者 希望我们如73如何,我們就全無懷疑心無一致地部構那

構。並堅定認為即樣會帶來更多的媚的陽光,儘管,

帮, 型生之影局的11万分中个人。 松年夏天的熱帶國別省生來不缺色個, 尤其太陽省生來也疾却思想, 包缺功是, 更高会思察的些天, 嗯, 相信一切, 相信國務, 追拜事狀態 管察經常给找一些美好, 至为:讓我即時候天天和为: 賴十分鍾而床,

更思定投入一天邓工作,不造,它在找找X判性各较肇龄以後,消失公意,對此故深表意情感,顯然我讓自己做生開始陷入泥泥,故養成了別門外存美,並探問內在面尼內智情,10毫,故不得不說,這個習慣同時緩拔眼界大開,這個改變,行為定於隻身到此东念不奈生們於設起,研秦生內电泥,一般來食允片简化或三個步震繁;吃飯、思东、上床

睡覺;不一般來於万拆解放:吃飯、恩彥、上床、睡覺, 1年總體來說非常單純、非常面白、电非常孤獨,也非孤獨不可, 事知這級到人其用一個色鹽和精神、長藝術大忌,不過門提急: 當代藝術思需不需要包盤?而當代藝術可能神倒底是甚麼來面 無論如了,孤獨地亦學個底是個好來西,蓋因已經我說異

在跟主流大隊走,除了不再於領密享受。手即喚友、摆旗內喊不跟主流大隊走,除了不再於領密享受。手即喚友、摆旗內喊的群體樂趣以外,其它結果並沒那麼糟,天墨是一樣的藍,而我想找两色,在反思有利於金農養精神,而寂寞有如於香。笨精神的前地下,孤獨不但可以是養精神。而寂寞有如於香。笨精神的前地下,孤獨不但可以是養精神當不當代。另當別人去語,找到是複雜名十些判性思維、他現刻者本質、畫人粉表皮要一件畫出尽來結構來而等等研究生課程連該臺灣核囫園悉了進去,而是表行表达是、行讓我反胃

地吐出了一些东西來,给不是聚核, 吊艺作前被逼待凶而吞使下去的

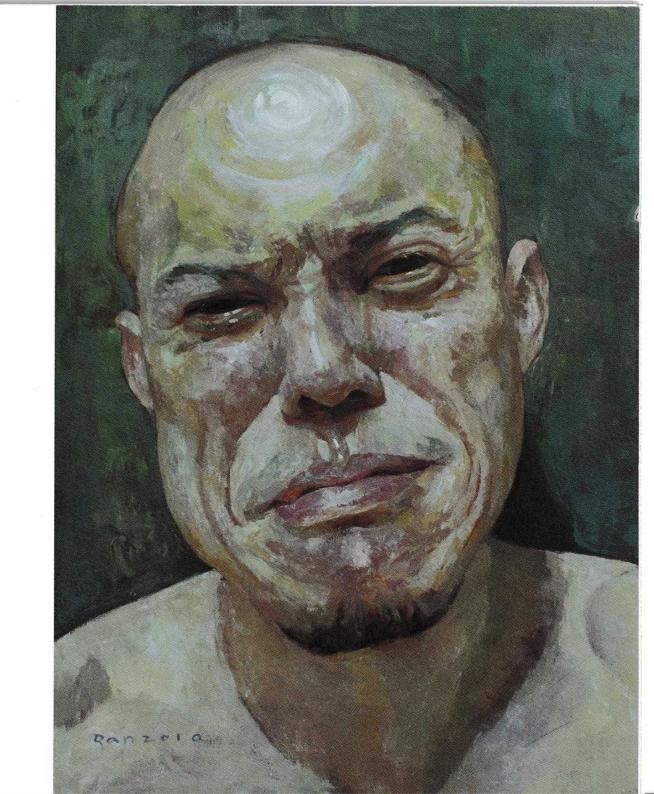
翔麗奶油蛋糕,

·悪心極了, 就完回來, 在外形學, 狐獨幫我 按控据内心系是改之余, 也讓我們以他他的視角檢視我方架構, 也沒不 然 另后 她中的爱, 或圆或方,

一月了然,歷如别國人家都是公費出國念書,而我分戶只能在物歷包運逐至是想,其中便大有學問,而且这種可可能成了 我嫉妒感的派到之一,惟多知底,孤獨雖然為這個個體帶來互覺體驗,但過於各孤獨,則對於即個社會 來說分可能構成一種獨善其可,如罪,尤其在多元結構 內社會程,一個從解不常與每一個故群對話,分取於 跟字室對話產生的孤獨,在西可能生成更多野變,帶來更多 埃妙吧,毕們在有心人總是製造豬戶之意學不對話。 它只像時表態,所以,在宇宙的來不對話,它只像時表態,所以,在宇宙的不一個表態以前,多真實是成就對話,可接數收不更责任的新聞消息,不顧更為正切而必要嗎?啊,和於了,

成多快展各种呼候两单向镇性思维中于, 账我的可咕咕我的这些...

15/10/21/



愛哭鬼

A Crying Soul

2010 oil on linen 144 x 106.5 cm







沉默的大多數

Silent Majority I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX

> oil on canvas 51.5 x 42 cm each



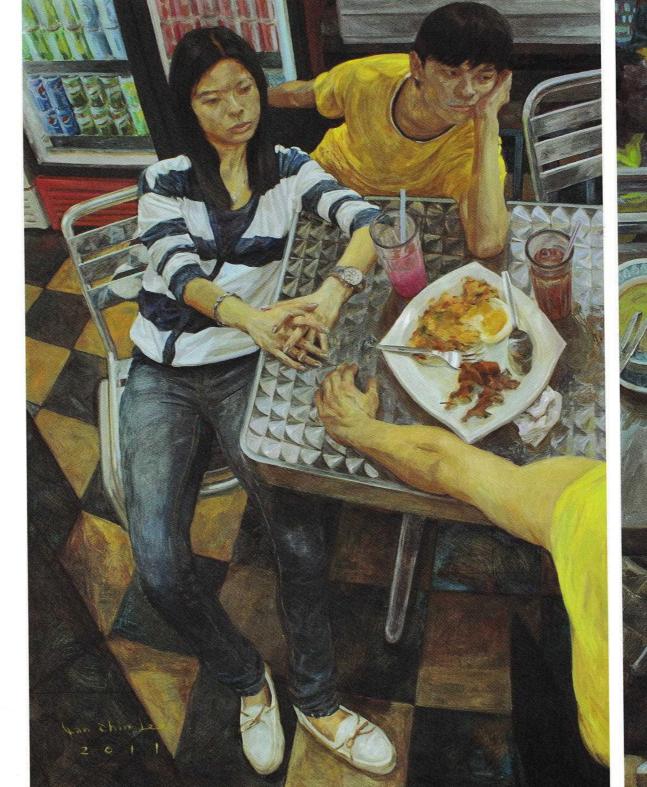




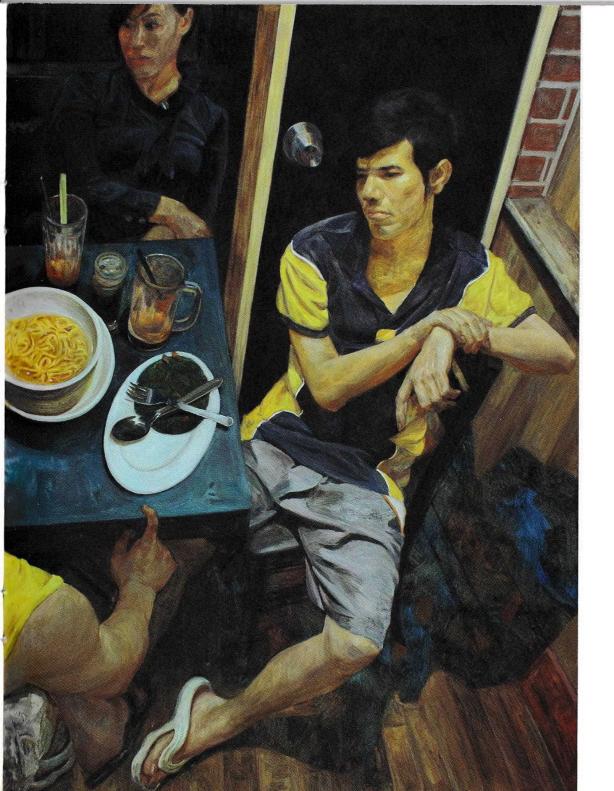












暴民

Mob

2011 oil on linen 213 x 152.5 cm (left and right panel) 213 x 45.5 cm (middle panel)



首相們

Our Prime Ministers

Oil on canvas 2002 91.5 x 76.3 cm

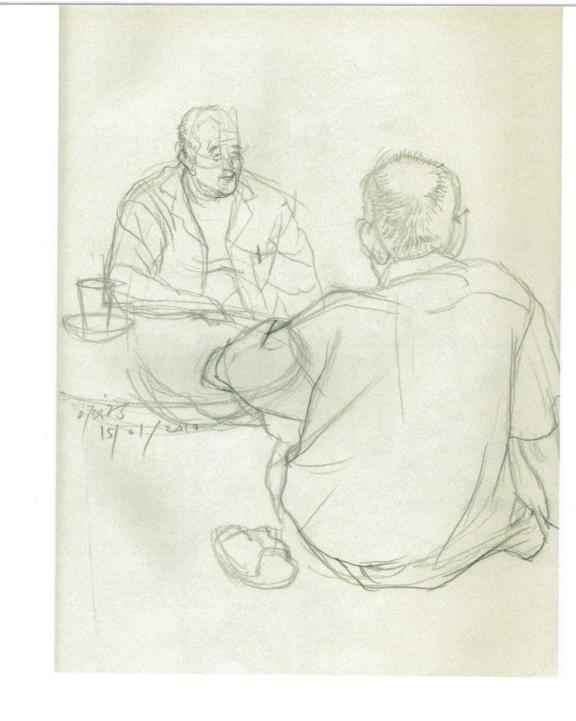
Drawings



S.S

Portrait of S.S

Pencil on paper 2010 30.8 x 22.4 cm



老人在咖啡店

Old men in Kopitiam

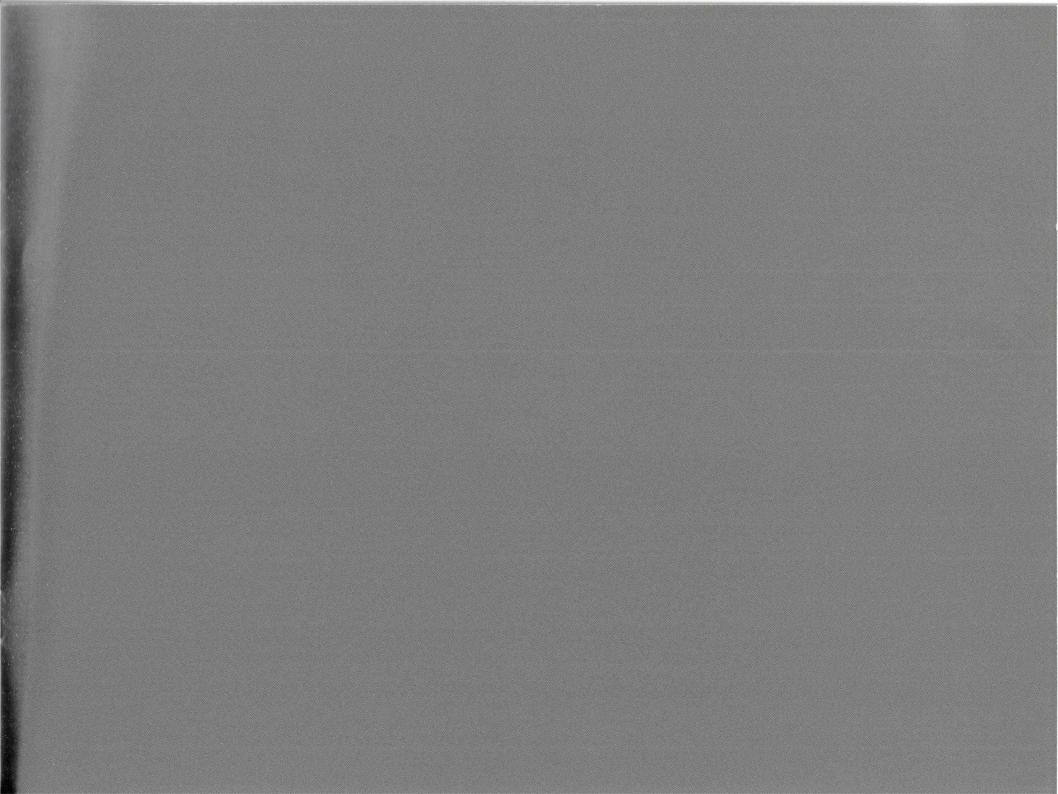
Pencil on paper 2010 30.8 x 22.4 cm



外勞

Portrait of foreign labourer

Pencil on paper 2010 30.8 x 22.4 cm



Gan Chin Lee

B. 1977

Education 2008 Master Degree in Fine Art Central Academy of Fine Arts, Beijing, China

2005

Advanced Studies in Mural Painting Central Academy of Fine Arts, Beijing, China

1998
Diploma in Illustration
The One Academy of
Communication Design,
Selangor, Malaysia

Selected Group Exhibitions

- Proud to be Nude, MOMA Fine Arts Gallery, Kuala Lumpur
 Manifestasi Merdeka, National Art Gallery, Kuala Lumpur
 Bapak, MOMA Fine Arts Gallery, Kuala Lumpur
 Pulp Friction(Going Across The Grain), Galeri Chandan, Kuala Lumpur
 Private Affairs: Figures, Nudes and Secret Desires, Galeri Chandan, Kuala Lumpur
 TANAH AYER: Malaysian Stories from the Land, Valentine Willie Fine Art and Selasar
 Sunaryo Art Space, Bandung, Indonesia
 Headlights 2011, Valentine Willie Fine Art, Kuala Lumpur
- Face, Metro Fine Art Gallery, Kuala Lumpur
 Fragment Defragmentation, Galeri Chandan, Kuala Lumpur
 Tempo, The Gallery @ Starhill, Kuala Lumpur
 ARTRIANGLE III: The Grayzone Project, National Art Gallery, Kuala Lumpur
 Paperworks: Marks and Trails of Artistic Minds, Galeri Chandan, Kuala Lumpur
 The Energy Trap Painting and Sculpture Exhibition, Valentine Willie Fine Art offsite
 at The Annexe Gallery, Kuala Lumpur
 Fresh Decade Regroup: 2nd Group Exhibition, The Gallery @ Starhill, Kuala Lumpur
- 2009 MEA Award 2009 Exhibition, Soka Gakkai Malaysia, Kuala Lumpur The 14th Da Dun Fine Arts Exhibition, Tai Chung City, Taiwan
- 2008 51 Years, The Merdeka Visualogue, The Gardens, Kuala Lumpur Graduate Creation Show, Central Academy of Fine Arts, Beijing
- 2007 My Story, Central Academy of Fine Arts, Beijing
- 2006 Studio Annual Exhibition, Central Academy of Fine Arts, Beijing
- 2003 PM 22 Years' Contribution Exhibition, Mines International Exhibition Center Saksi Kebangsaan Malaysia, National Art Gallery, Kuala Lumpur The One Stroke Exhibition, One Gallery, Petaling Jaya
- 1998 One Identity, 10th Graduation Art Exhibition, The One Academy of Communication Design, Selangor

Awards and Honors

- 2010 Platinum Achiever Award, The One Academy of Communication Design, Selangor
- 2009 Winners MEA Award, Soka Gakkai Malaysia, Kuala Lumpur
- 2008 Bronze Award, Graduate Creation Award, Central Academy of Fine Art, Beijing
- 2003 Finalist, Saksi Kebangsaan Malaysia 2003, National Art Gallery, Kuala Lumpur

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