TEMPLE OF THRESHOLD

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11 February 2011

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Agung Hujatnikajennong

Throughout history, there have been a myriad of adages on the connection between art and spirituality. One of the common truisms tells us that all art is essentially spiritual, and an artist is always a 'spiritualist'. This is so because the art practice is a manifestation of the artist's most private, unseen and, perhaps, incommunicable inner thoughts and feelings. True, all art is an expression of internal motives of the maker. And generally, art can be a vehicle to discover the essence of or deepest values in life.

Despite all presumptions, however, we should still acknowledge that the discourses on art and spirituality vary in different times. Today, contemporary art practices have drifted away, inasmuch we can no longer speak of a single artistic direction. At the same time, studies concerning 'human spirituality' have also continued to evolve with the recurrence of different movements and thoughts. In the twenty-first century, we actually live in a situation where the task to connect spirituality with art is even more complicated than before.

In this essay, I make an effort to delve into the spiritual aspects of the works by Albert Yonathan, a young Indonesian artist. While I am aware of the problematic issues related to the relationship between spirituality and art, I deliberately sidestep the traps of discussing deeply about particular spiritual/religious schools or faiths. The framework of understandings I use here is general, yet useful, especially to forge the relationship between spiritual and socio-cultural aspects of art practices. This exhibition by Yonathan represents, on the one hand, the artist's understanding of the ultimate reality in his own idiosyncratic way. Yet, on the other hand, his work can also be seen as an artistic exploration of and visual response to the daily surrounding of social situations.

Albert Yonathan had been formally trained as a ceramic artist. Along the way he has moved beyond the strict borders of the



The Nature's Assembly

2008 middle fired ceramics, slip casted Dimension variable

Installation view at the Bandung New Emergence V.2, Selasar Sunaryo Art Space, 2008 discipline, even though he keeps a clear penchant for ceramics as a medium, which is based on his deep, personal passion. Although Yonathan is really mindful of the problematic positions of ceramics throughout the history, in which the medium is often overlooked or even discarded in the Fine Art paradigm, his overall philosophical comprehension of the medium has infused his body of works with a definite conceptual quantity. For years he has developed his own unique and pensive approach toward the material. According to Yonathan, the process of building and casting three-dimensional forms out of the amorphous, natural clay represents impalpable transformation. The specific process of making ceramics has made him aware of the matter of unseen powers in the process of human artistic creation. From mud processed into clay, then molded or cast with bare hands into shape, and finally fired to become a sculptural object that could encode meaning through human craftsmanship and perception—the transformation always involves a totality of both man and nature's power.

For Yonathan, the whole process of ceramics-making, which often results in unexpected and surprising outcomes, is always an interesting subject to reflect upon. For instance, he sees the changes in the glaze coloring or the heating induced cracks, which are often considered a failure, as something that epitomizes a rupture in the process towards harmony. For him, any failures during the ceramics-making could happen, when artistic intentions, which belong to the world of ideals, human deeds, which are always susceptible to mistakes, and nature's characteristics and conventions, which demand obedience, are altogether disconnected. Even though the formal curricula at his



university has provided him with all scientific explanations, he tends to understand the ceramics process as something related to a bigger, more fundamental phenomena. The direct and tactile encounter with all natural materials and substances in ceramics-making has also made him think more and more about the relationship between man and nature.

From his particular recognition towards the vast concept of nature, Yonathan has instigated the creation of a visual idiom, which he developed from the shapes of living creatures: human, animals and plants, or, sometimes, a combination of the three all at once. Learning from the process of gradual transformation in ceramics, he is interested in the idea of 'liminality', namely a state of transition at the boundaries, which exists in many forms and phases of life. Further, he associates the liminal stage with a force that exists in the moment of changes, and at the same time regulates life into order and balance. Relating this abstract term to spirituality, he once stated, "I am also using the term 'liminal' as a stage that can alter man into a spiritual being. In that particular phase, man can see and realize things beyond the visible."

Installation view of Liminal Being exhibition at Japan Foundation, Jakarta, 2010

¹ Interview with the artist, 7 December 2010.

During the last two years, Yonathan artistic exploration has also traversed into different mediums, such as drawing, installation and performance. Despite his versatile ability, Yonathan stresses that the visual idioms he creates are always deeply imbued with his interest in symbols, especially spiritual and religious symbols. There, we might find ambiguous characters, such as a figurative sculpture of a man with a pair of wings on his head, or a humming bird with leafs as its tail. But it is precisely the ambivalent look that he wants to emphasize in his drawings and installations. In creating the 'characters' of his works, Yonathan is also inspired by the story of 'liminal beings', which coexist in many different cultural myths, legends and narratives. For instance, we can cite the Centaur in Greek mythology, which is depicted as half-horse and half-human. Or in Islam, epitomized by Al-Buraq, a winged horse brings the prophet Muhammad from Mecca to Jerusalem and back in one night.

For his installation work, Yonathan usually starts with working on a single three-dimensional clay module. Then, he duplicates it with a casting technique, and after that, he arranges the modules repetitively in certain geometrical patterns. His work often appears in arrangements of many ceramic cast modules in geometric outlines, such as a triangle, a circle, a hexagon or a square. Related to the repetitive geometrical patterns, which appear in some of his works, he has been deeply inspired by the patterns used in different religion-related practices. For instance, in the work Crystal Temple for the Solitary Mind, or Somewhere in Between, he partly adopts arabesque patterns, which are known for its infinite repetitions of geometrically abstracted forms, modular structures, repeating lines and complicated mathematical visual compositions. Yet apart from the arabesque, he also draws inspiration from the pattern in the mantra or chanting "Om/Aum" in Hindu prayer, the practice of dzikir in Islam, as well as from the dots seen on Aboriginal paintings.

As already proven by different spiritual and religious traditions, Yonathan believes that a highly intense repetition can bring us to a certain state of liminality and sublime experience.

Curator Asmudjo Jono Irianto claims that Yonathan's use of repetitive arrangements is a deliberate strategy that alludes to the position of 'decorativeness' in contemporary art.² During the modernist era, decoration was often considered faulty. However, Yonathan's choice to present repetition does not aim at presenting a particular religious practice, nor does he use it as a mere empty pastiche ornament to attack the modernist principles. It could be said that he creates his own symbols to tell his own narrative.

Other than objects resembling living creatures, Yonathan also arranges repetitive modules that are inspired by certain structures, columns or architectural forms. He wants to create a space, or a miniature of space, which refers to a place for worship. As seen in the site-specific installation *Cosmic Labyrinth*, the repetition of three-dimensional modules creates a distinct atmosphere. Relating to this particular work, Yonathan has been intrigued by the spiritual practice in ancient pagan culture, which has been reinvented and revitalized in modern times by a contemporary American Christian sect.³ He believes that the recurrence of particular practices proves that human spirituality has a universal structure.

This exhibition highlights the tension between the 'religious' and the 'spiritual', particularly in the contemporary society of Indonesia. By 'religion', I refer to any major belief system that comes with a fixed

² Asmudjo Jono Irianto, Cosmic Mantra, curatorial essay for Albert Yonathan's solo exhibition at SIGIarts, Jakarta, 13 – 28 February 2010.

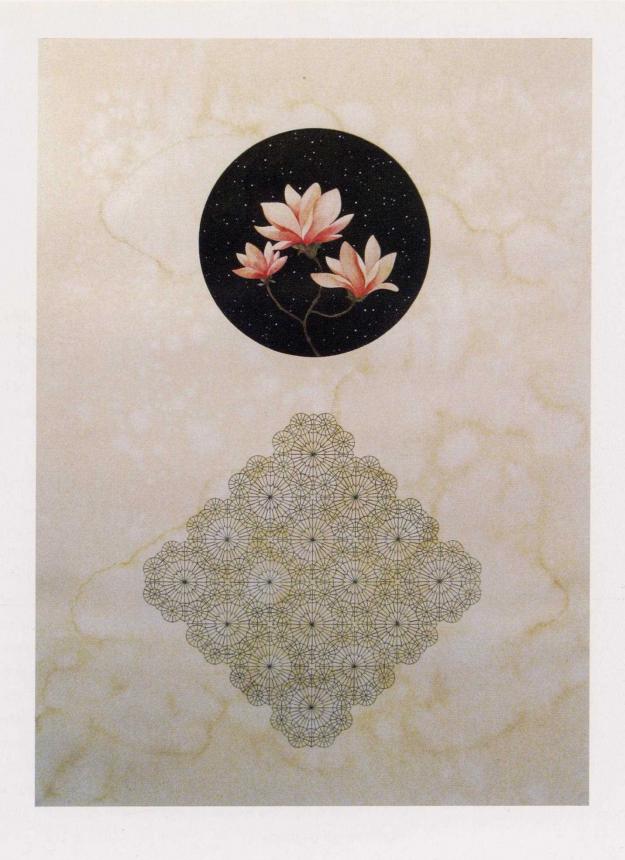
³ Interview with the artist, 7 December 2010.

 $^{^4}$ James Elkins, On the Strange Place of Religion in Contemporary Art, London: Routledge, 2004, p. 1 - 2.

pattern of rituals, liturgies, calendars of holy days, prayers, obligations, credos, pilgrimages, and so on. By 'spirituality' I mean something more private. Although in many senses it can be part of religion as well, the 'spiritual' is often subjective, largely incommunicable and sometimes unrecognized. To simplify somewhat, while religion tends to be social and public, spirituality is often personal.⁴

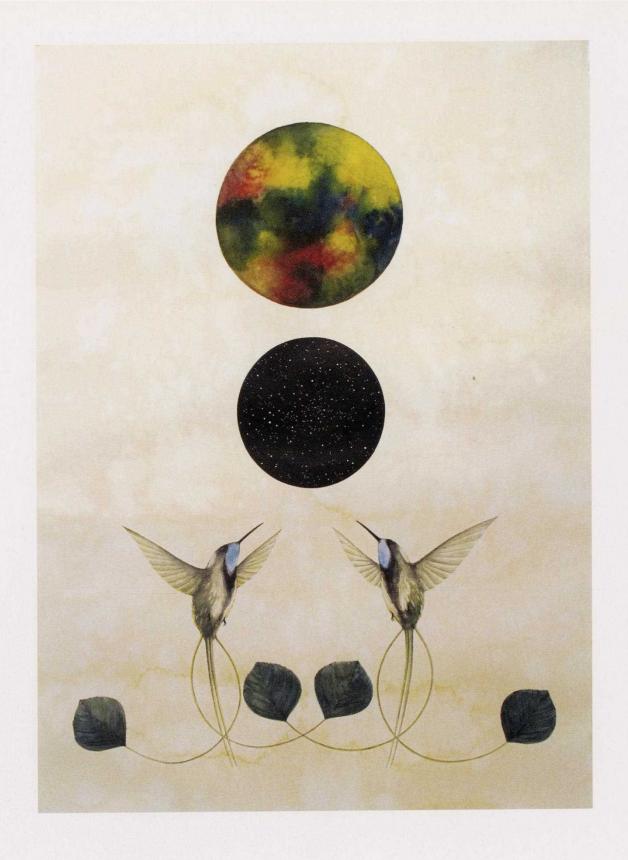
In the foremost part of Yonathan's work, the artist tends to deal with particular religious teachings in a rather indecisive and obscure way. The way he stresses the universality of spiritual life and the way he makes use of ambiguous symbols somehow signifies the current situation in Indonesia. After the political reform started in 1998, when the powerful military repressive government was toppled, religion has become more and more an 'institution' that regulates social life. As a consequence, myriads of religious symbols, which were invented and preserved in different societies to bring religious adherents closer in unity, have become the strongest icons that determine personal or personal identity. Interestingly, Yonathan's liminal symbols and ambiguous work in fact moves away from showing particular iconinc religiosity. Although we can always read his work as merely a spiritual stance, we can also detect his critical stance towards religious fanaticism, and his stand to consider all of us as spiritual creatures.

Agung Hujatnikajennong



Somewhere in Between

2011 watercolor and ink on paper 74×55 cm



Aerial

\$2011\$ water color and ink on paper $$74\ x\ 55\ cm$$



We are All Visionaries, and What We See is Our Soul in Things

2011 watercolor, ink, and silver paint on paper 74×55 cm



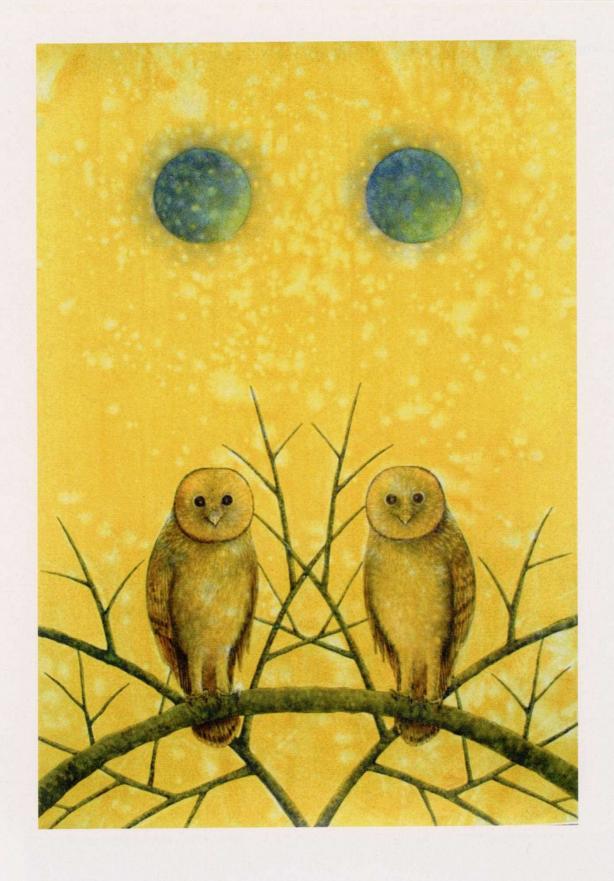
Ethereal

\$2011\$ watercolor and ink on paper $$52\ x\ 72.5\ cm$



Sun Dance

2011 Watercolour and gold paint on paper $57 \times 77 \text{ cm}$



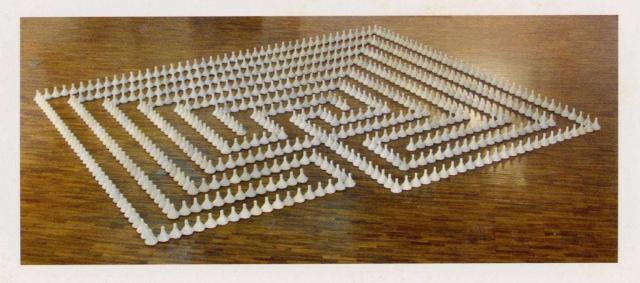
Doppelganger – Double Walker

\$2011\$ gouache and pencil on paper $$57\ x\ 43\ cm$

Cosmic Labyrinth

2011

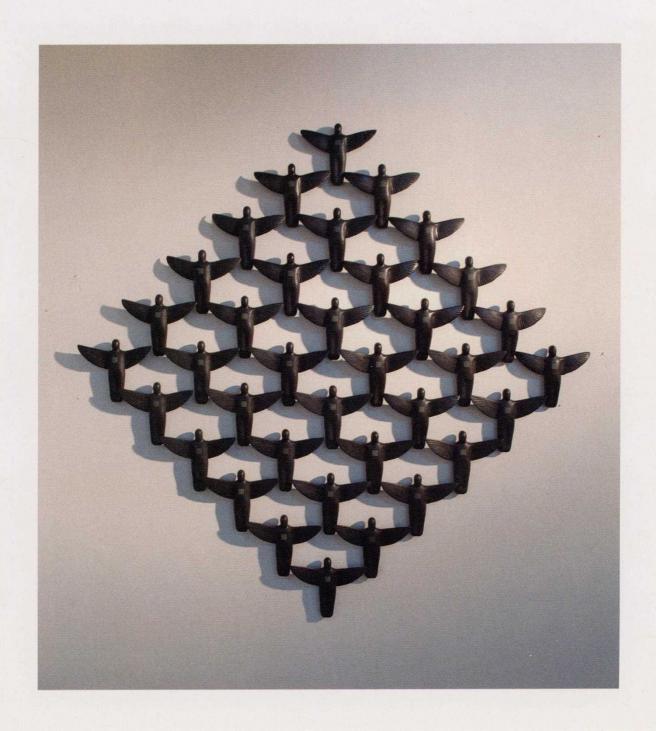
glazed middle fired ceramics, slip casted, installation and performance Dimension variable



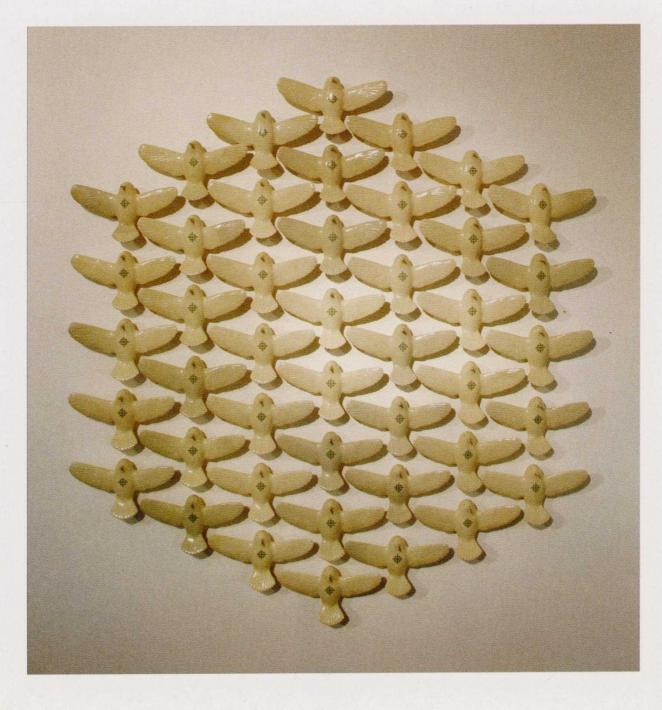


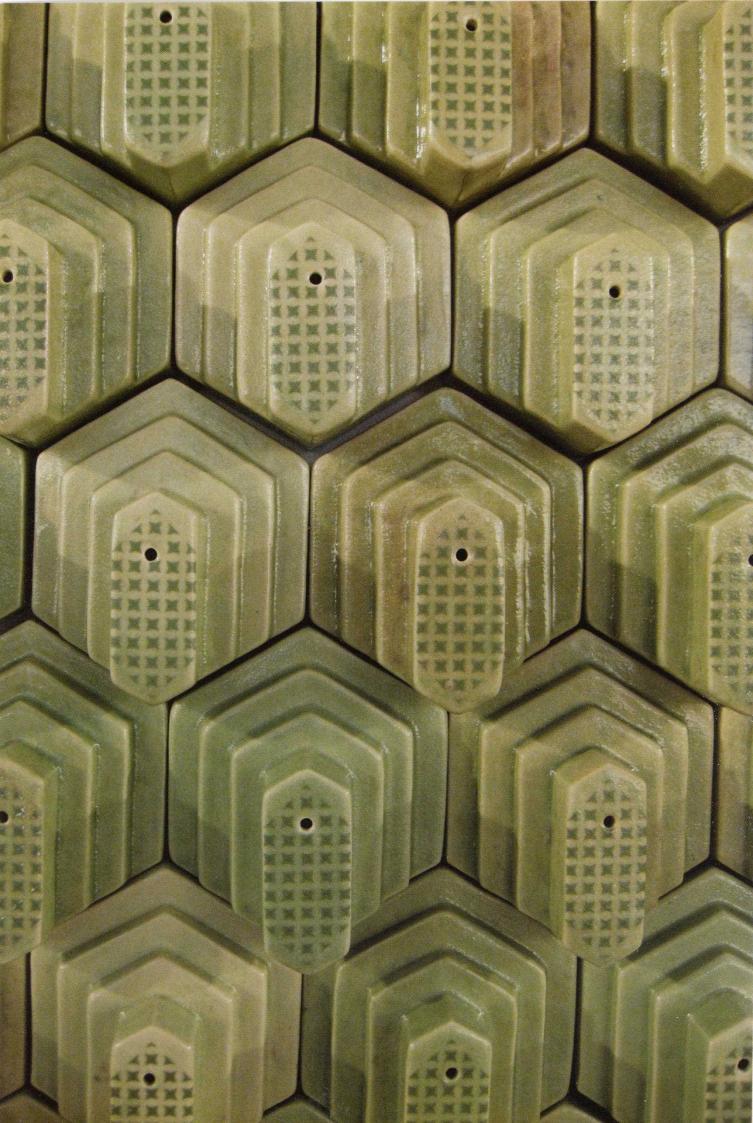
Symmetrical Flight

2010 glazed middle fired ceramics, decals, slip casted 120 x 120 x 15 cm



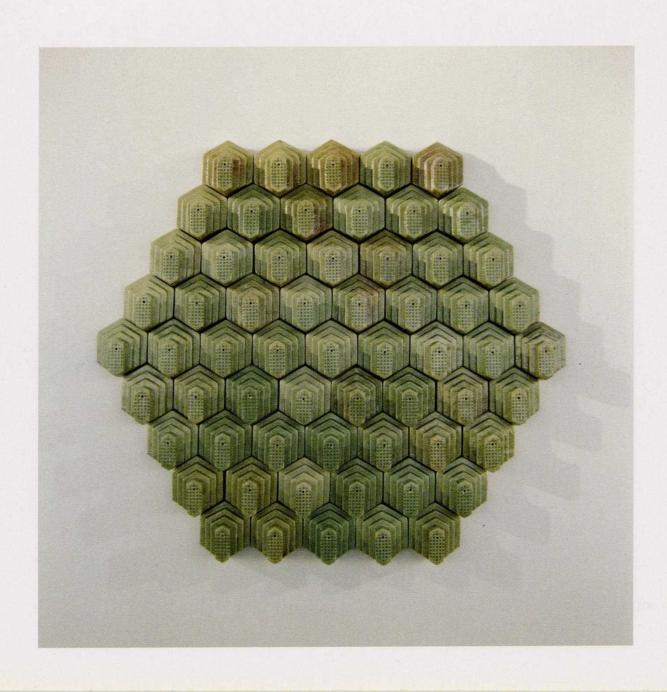
\$2010\$ glazed middle fired ceramics, decals, slip casted $$110\ x\ 152\ x\ 20\ cm$





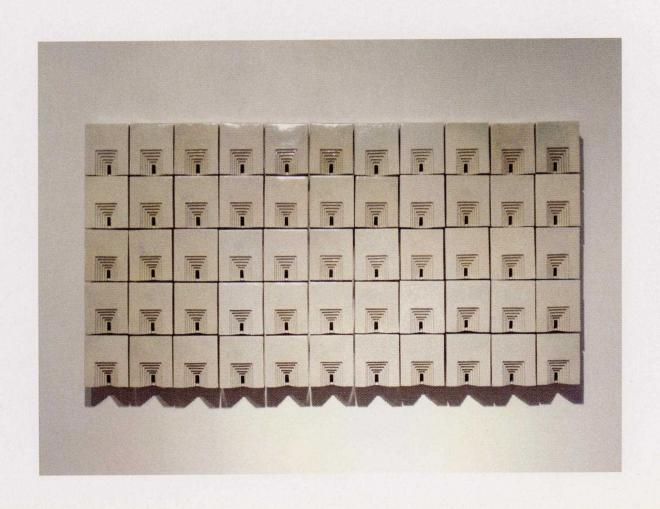
Silent Union

\$2011\$ glazed middle fired ceramics, decals, slip casted $$120\ x\ 104\ x\ 16\ cm$



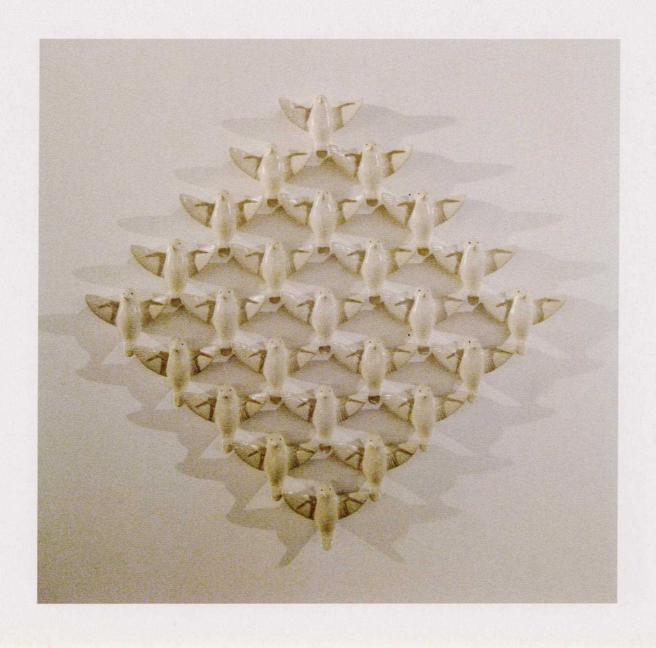
Silence Obstruction

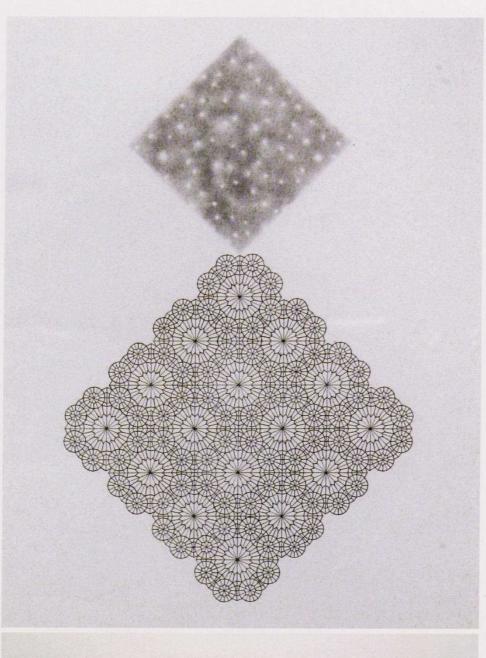
2010 glazed middle fired ceramics, decals, slip casted 110 x 152 x 20 cm



Blissful Flight

\$2011\$ glazed middle fired ceramics, decals, slip casted $$85\ x\ 85\ x\ 15\ cm$$







Crystal Temple for the Solitary Mind

\$2011\$ glazed middle fired ceramics, acrylic $$43 \times 43 \times 13$$ cm







Array of the Cosmic Energy

\$2011\$ glazed middle fired ceramics, glass $$20\ x\ 60\ x\ 15\ cm$



ALBERT YONATHAN

born in Bandung, 17 June 1983 currently lives and works in Bandung, Indonesia

EDUCATION

2002 - 2007	Visual Arts Program, Faculty of Visual Art and Design,
	Bandung Institute of Technology, majoring in ceramics (BFA)
2010 - present	Master Program, at Faculty of Visual Art and Design
	Bandung Institute of Technology, majoring in visual arts

SOLO EXHIBITIONS

2011	Temple of Threshold, Valentine Willie Fine Arts, Singapore
2010	Cosmic Mantra, SIGIarts, Jakarta
	LIMINAL BEING, The Japan Foundation, Jakarta
2009	I ам а Bird Now, Shigaraki Ceramic Cultural Park, Koka city, Shiga prefecture, Japan

GROUP EXHIBITIONS

2011	1001 Doors - Reinterpreting Traditions, Ciputra World Marketing Gallery, Jakarta
2010	HALIMUN THE MIST, Lawang Wangi Art & Science Estate, Bandung
	15 x 15 x 15 #3, Soemardja Gallery, Bandung Institute of Technology, Bandung
	CRITICAL POINT, Edwin's Gallery, Jakarta
	Tribute to S.Sudjojono, PLATFORM3, Bandung
2009	Bandung Art Now, National Gallery of Indonesia, Jakarta
	REVISITING THE LAST SUPPER, CG artspace, Jakarta
	Contemporary Archeology, SIGIarts, Jakarta
	Survey #2, Edwin's Gallery, Jakarta
	We're All Millionaires, A.O.D Art Space, Jakarta
	POST, Place Gallery, Richmond, Victoria, Australia
	CROSSROADS, Bungoro Ware House Gallery, Shigaraki, Japan
	JAKARTA CONTEMPORARY CERAMIC BIENNALE #1, North Art Space – Ancol, Jakarta
2008	Bandung Invasion, Galeri Canna, Jakarta
	BANDUNG NEW EMERGENCE VOL. 2, Selasar Sunaryo Art Space, Bandung
	HIMPUNAN SENYAP, Emmitan Fine Art Gallery, Surabaya
	Apocalypse Now!, ARK Galerie, Jakarta
2007	Demi Mas(s)a, Indonesian National Gallery, Jakarta
	Inner Object, Potluck Cofeebar and Library, Bandung
	Neo-Nation - Biennale Jogja IX, Jogja National Museum, Yogyakarta
	500mm, Harley Harley Harley 100mm, 100mm

RESIDENCIES

2009 JENESYS Programme, granted by The Japan Foundation, at Shigaraki Ceramic Cultural Park, Japan



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EXHIBITION DATES

12 to 27 February 2011

Artspace @ Helutrans

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Gallery Opening Hours

Tuesday - Saturday 11 am - 7 pm

Sunday 11 am - 3 pm

Closed on Mondays and public holidays.

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