

Bernice Charly



Arahmaiani Born in Bandung, Indonesia, 1961

1081-1085 Bachelor of Fine Art in Bandung Institute of Technology, Department

1084-1086 Paddington Art School, Sydney, Australia. 1001-1002 Academic your Beeldende Kunst, Enschede, The Netherlands.

root "A Piece of Land for Sale", Artists Regional Exchange (ARX), Perth, Australia. 1005 "Offerings from A to Z". Chiang Mai, Thailand,

"Nation for Sale", Asia-Pacific Triennale, Brisbane, Australia "Traditions/Tensions". Asia Society Gallery, New York, USA. 1997 "Womanifesto: Don't Prevent the Pertility of Mind", Concrete House,

"Sacred Coke - Cosmology of Mutilation", VI Biennale de la Habana, Havana,

Inside Project: "Sacred Coke - Cosmology of Destruction", Kassel, Germany. of Contemporary Art Tokyo, Hiroshima City Museum of Contemporary Art,

1008 "Cities on The Move", Museum of Contemporary Art, Vienna Secession. Austria: Musée d' Art Contemporaine de Bordeaux, France; P.S. I, New York,

"Burning Bodies, Burning Country", Musée de Castieva, Almaty, Kazakstan. 1999 "Burning Bodies, Burning Countries II" Cultural Centre Phillipines (CCP). Manila. "Made In Indonesia No. I" - Un Ab Die Fost, Postfuhramt Berlin (curated by

Process & Ochs Gallery, Berlin). 2000 AWAS Recent Art From Indonesia. Australian Centre For Contemporary Art, Melhourne Contemporary Art Space, Cambrac Ivan Dougherty Gallery,

Museum of Contemporary Art. "His story on My Body" Text & Sub-text Earl Lu Gallery - Singapore: Ivan "Corporeal Apology" Biennale de Lyon, France.

"Le Petit du Chaperon Rooge" Le Ferme Du Buisson, Paris. "FRESH CREAM".

"The Dog's Dream" ISP Open Studio, Tribeca, New York. 2001 "His-story on My Body" Hillside Terrace Gallery, Tokyo.

AWAS! Recent Art from Indonesia, Ludwig Forum, Aachen. Germany "His-story On My Body" Edvisk, Sweden.

Site + Sight, Lasulle College of the Arts, Singapore

2002 Dee Rest Der Welt. Neuffer Am Park. Germany (curated by Pruess & Ochs Gallery Berlin) 10th Biennale of Moving Image.

2004 World Social Forum, Mumbai, India. "Twillight Tomorrow" Singapore Art Museum.

"Asian Traffic" Asia-Australia Art Center, Sydney. 2005 "In - Toenne" Festival, Austria.

1995 "It's Late Night - Tomorrow the Sun Will Shine", collaborative work with Aborizinal and Phillippines artists.

1006 "Handle without Care I". Brisbane, Australia. "Handle without Care II - You Love Me, You Love Me Not", 2 Gallery, Soho,

roor "Handle without Care IV", Havana, Cuba. "Handle without Care. Who Cares?" Museum of Contemporary Art Tokyo 1998 "Point Zero - My Mind Gets Stuck", Nippon International Performance Art

Festival '98, Nagano, Nagoya, Hiroshima, Tokyo, Japan. "Burning Rodies, Burning Country", Musée de Castieva, Almaty, Kazakstan

1999 "Show Me Your Heart" - Und Ab Die Post, Fostfuhramt Berlin. "Dayang Sumbi Refuses Status Quo" France Cultural Center (CCF) Bandung.

2000 "His-story" lakarta International Performance Art Festival (JIPAF 2000). "His-story" NIPAF 2000, Taipri, Nagano, Nagoya, Tokyo.

"His story (III)" Funkhouse, Dresden.

Rimbun Dahan

Exhibition dates: 24th August - 10th September 2005 With thanks to:

WILLIE

Let Floor, 17 Julius Telawi 3 - tel. 60 3-2284 2348 Bannar Bara 59100 Kuala Lampur

2001 "Violence - Hate No More" and Performance Riennale, Israel.

"Violence No More" Ludwig Forum, Aachen, Germany, "Violence No More" Edwik, Solentuna, Sweden,

2004 "Lapen Wedding" Kedai Kebun, Yogyakarta. 2004 "Breaking Words" Performance Art Expo Nagano, Japan.

2005 "In-Toenne" Festival, Austria.

4. Art Asia Pacific, home rec.pt, 2000; page 61-71

"Violence No More" Oderse Performance Festival, Denmark, 2002 "Visit to My World" Pruess & Ochs Gallery, Berlin. 2002 "Doo't Call it Performance Art" Reina Sorbia Museum, Madrid.

"Breaking Words" Museum of Modern Art Passau, Germany.

6. Ruban Pollack "The New Lock of Fernitum" page 82 - 87, 2000, Philiden Press, London
6. Ruban Pollack "The New Lock of Fernitum" page 122 - 146, September 2001, Art News,

q. Jola Lenzi, "The Pioneering Spirit" Asian Art News Vol 13 No 5 page 51-53, 2003

1, "From Ivory Tower To Control Tower" Pikinan Rakyat, 7 April 1987

8. "The Tabboo Of Naked Body And Oncy Of Violence" Kompas, 8 August 1992

Bernice Chauly is a chameleon. Her impressive background is punctuated by

the medium for more than a decade, she has an acute sensitivity to the human spirit, blending intimacy and the ordinary in a documentary style. Her images

This body of photographs, Chauly explains, uses a "different disembarkation point".

Approaching photography for the first time as a shared artistic process - working

with a performance artist - Chauly oscillates between documenting a performance

"Lecture on Painting" is an exciting photographic monologue that extends Chauly's

creativity, framing and professionalism as a photographer, and as an artist. This is

Malayerian-born Chauly's tenth exhibition and follows her second major solo, "Face

6. "Art And Life Are Inseparable" XIFAF catalog 1008

Bernice Chauly

and white photographs

Performing Arts Centre, 2005.

MIP (International Performance Manifestation", Belo Horizonte, Brazil.

fav. 60 3-2282 5190 valentine@artsasia.com.my

Southeast Asian Paintings & Works of Art

Dukerey Dukeky (Your Serrow My Serrow) (left manel)

"Violence No More" Indonesia - Japan Exchange 2001, Bdg-Yogya-Jkt.

1. Apinan Polyananda "Roaring Tigers, Desperate Dragons in Transition - Contemporary Art in Exemplai Isako: "On The White Cases" Art in South East Asia 1997 : Glimpses into the Future, 7. James Putnam "Art and Artifact, The Museum as Medium" page 59,2001, Tharnes & Hudson. "Balance, Change & Continuity Surat Group Group Budaya Vol.III No.4 1994, page 18-19
 "Technology Of Low And The Science Of Hastic Invasion" and APT 1946 award-winning documentary films; forays into theatre as playwright and actor; her Arahmaiani and Chauly have gravitated towards a shared expression in these black For Charaly, photography goes beyond the ambit of a single expression. Working in



Sepa Cinta Kansa (I Love You Acrylic on canvas

LECTURE ON PAINTING: PART 1 By Gina Fairley

Indonesian curator and writer Iim Supangkat threw us into the tsunami of commercialisation when he talked about the Indonesian art market in a recent essay, identifying the tectonic shift that set the ripple to action:

"The commercialisation of art in Indonesia grew out of the influence of an international art boom which started in Japan in 1985 ... The sudden increase of prices saw the number of art galleries in Indonesia explode from only a few in the 1970s and 1980s to hundreds in the 1990s ... "(1).

Indonesian critics Agus Dermawan and Amir Sidharta were published repeatedly in the 1000s as saying, "... art should be communicative and saleable.." (2), and the late Sanento Yuliman, "saw the art boom in Indonesia as a commodification of the art of painting, which resulted in sterility..." (3).

The rhetoric describes our changing world and the madness that came with this buzz word 'globalisation'. The commercial world made room for Indonesian art. And the Indonesian art world made room for contemporary art to develon.

We are talking of a trigger to this current exhibition that dates back two decades. What happened during that time that continues to stimulate Arahmaiani in this probing body of work, maintaining a vernacular of landscape painting?

As Asia convulsed to a grinding halt with the bankruptcy of 'Asian Modernism' (4) in 1997, and we witnessed the collapse of the Suharto regime in May 1998, Indonesian contemporary art had already been established on the international art market. It was a currency that was to stay floated by its ongoing presence at biennale after triennale after major international exhibition.

When I spoke with Arahmaiani in her studio, surrounded by these grey landscapes, we discussed the ideas forming the conceptual base to this exhibition, and how they remain integral to finding her voice in painting. "I want to turn the medium of painting into performance. I want to transform the individual 'product' of painting for the commercial art world into a complex question of authorship and its marketability".

The paintings are punctuated by travel. It's a remembered European landscape, then, halfway through painting the show Arahmajani travelled to Germany returning to Malaysia to finish the exhibition. This shift in perspective, a 'swinging' as Arahmalani described it, "... going between these two worlds of the area and the areen, ... I realise in my mental world I go in-between as well ... what I am trying to do with these paintings is to capture this swinging experience. Sometimes these two worlds are actually conflicting and you can't swing easily." How that 'swing' alters a state of mind in the painting process, suspended across borders, allows abstract ideas such as 'time', 'difference' and 'the self' to enter the work.

But what does all this 'swinging' and travel through landscapes have to do with the commodification of art? A landscape is the quintessential marketable painting. Landscapes are also unfashionable in conceptual or contemporary circles. In contrast, performance rests entirely in the moment, and is usually the voice of a counter-position. Why then is this internationally celebrated performance and installation artist, Arahmaiani, painting landscapes?

This 'swinging' will be metaphorically represented in a performance by Arahmajani using a polf-club as a tool to deliver a 'lecture on nainting'. The pendulum sweep from one culture to another, a simulated trajectory that art finds as it moves through the international art markets. Arahmaiani is clear, "The focus of this exhibition is an examination of the market place and the commodification of art. Painting on canyas as an idiom formed in the western hemisphere. Its history is rooted in this system of presentation. This exhibition will be a "Lecture on Painting: Fart I" - a visual and performative dialogue to stimulate thought on this idiom of painting and its marketability. I am not against the market, but I hate market fundamentalism, exploitation, monopoly - market terrorism!"



Mise Is Years

Market Terrorism ... Even the Marxist thinker Walter Benjamin argued that it is impossible for a work to be politically correct unless it is also aesthetically correct (5). Arahmaiani draws on her long history of performance to validate this exhibition, to imbue it with integrity. Aesthetically, it is a cohesive presentation; conceptually, it's based on a prolific and celebrated career that rests in the rigour of her intellect and ability to communicate to audiences. That's a twist - the integrity of an exhibition sitting with performance rather than landscapes!

The naintines will be supported by photographs of Arahmaiani's body/text works, shot in a black and white documentary style by Bernice Chauly, a Malaysian photographer with a simpatico for flirting with social and political boundaries, often dealing with women's issues. These performative body-works of Arahmaiani's have punctuated her careerthe text a mix of English and Bahasa, the content both poetic and pointed Chauly and Arahmaiani have been conceptualising this project for the past year, finding a cohesive expression between subject and photographer. The exhibition is completed through an interactive performance.

*During my performance I will invite the audience to participate by adding text to the paintings. I am interested how, at one moment, all people in the space experience the same sensorial stimulation by what is around them, and have to think, and act ... freezing imagination on a fluo-dimensional canvas." Arahmaiani's aesthetic process starts in the painting of a grey landscape and ends with the addition of the mark by another. It necessitates an unbelievable confidence to be able to hand over the final mark to another One is led to ponder: Does this interactive action bring their authorship into question? Does it lessen their quality, their marketability?

The link to the three components of the exhibition is text, Arahmaiani cultural and social issues, disparities observed through her 'swinging' between countries. With each added word meaning can shift, become charged. "I'm interested in words and their meanings. I want to [turn the words] into a visualisation where they connect fin a more dimensional way! It will be a geometric construction." Chains of words such as: power - courage - idea strength - quilt - remove - iou - action are laid out in a kind of pseudoatomic structure. Their text-book format takes on the instructive authoritative tone of the lecturer - the artist as teacher.





Arahmajani continues to add to these diagrammatic thought-composites by pairing them with more ethereal considerations. The paintings are to be viewed as diptyches. One panel carries this charged map of association, the second panel less probing, such as, "Sudah lupa" (already forgotten), scrawled across the canvas in traditional cursive text. Another panel asks:

Pulang kapan (When am I going back?) Pulang kemana (Where am I going back to?) Pulang saja (I will just go back)

The addition of text to paintings cannot be viewed in isolation of its long history Take the work of Colin McCahon. On Kawara and Ed Rusche for example, each using text in a different way: to voice an internal struggle, to play with the irony of words, or to add poetic expression. You may even consider the importance of text and calligraphy in an Islamic tradition. These works by McCahon and On Kawara are extremely desirable objects, and expensive objects to own. These are paintings that are valued for ushat they are, as well as who they are made by. Where then, do Arahmaiani's paintines sit within this tradition?

Let me propose a new chain of words; swinging, globalisation, cultural shifts commodification rainting performance value manipulation. Arahmaiani is presenting a more complex syntax to consider than merely words on canyas. The exhibition duplicates her thought process concurrently through each element of the show - the paintings, the performance, the photographs and the video.

You start off looking at this show from the western tradition of landscape and move to approaching it from a contemporary application, a series of contradictions across various media. The complexity of the exhibition starts to settle in: the body as a canvas; performance as painting; the artist as a commodity; market validating quality; ephemeral as permanent, the equation of success?



Endowing the ephemeral with a sense of permanency within a commercial gallery environment validates its marketability. I find it a delicious conundrum that Arahmaiani explores in this exhibition.

It is easy to conclude that this exhibition is about layered meaning. As Avalymatant said to me in one of our conversations. "... like wearing different lackets", we are composites of many layers. Meaning is arrived at through understanding. We have all sorts of prescribed filters we use to 'understand' stimuli - eastern, western, Islamic, Asian, conceptual, aesthetic, literal ... Why bring this up? Sadly since q/11, and the current incensed paranoia towards a world consumed by terror, this layering of, shall we call it, cultural perspective or social dialogue is one that can't be viewed outside this global frame. The complexities of 'identity' are entrenched in the commodification of an artist - to identify them within the esperanto of the international avant-garde and to set them apart as 'saleable'. Arahmaiani is a global art term. Her work is shown with a celebration of her Indonesian identity - it is the milieu of her considerable profile in the international art arena. Arahmaiani is known for presenting issues in her work - that is her product. "Lecture on Painting: Part I' delivers that product.



Water To Be With You

t. Jim Supangkat: Referencing See Lee Weng Chay in "Art and Politics in Indonesia", published

Conversations with Arabmaiani recorded 18 April and 2 August, 2005 at Rimbun Dahan,

Gina Fairley is an Australian uviter travelling, slowly, through Asia.





Class (Law)